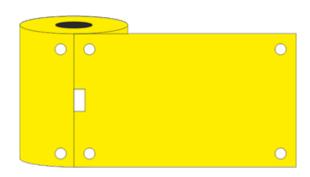


PUR Continuous Tie-on Cable Marker

Halogen Free, Flame-retardant Polyether based TPU

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Revision Number. 1 Last Edited 12. september 2023







TAG X Hydraulic Cable Markers in extruded from halogen free and flame retardant PUR (Thermoplastic Polyether-Polyurethane) material which is hydrolysis " No break down in water" and micro organism resistant. Its extremely strong with high tear strength, suitable for a variety of in and outdoor applications where durable mark permanence is de facto standard. The labels are fixed to a cable or wire using the Ø5mm holes. The product is supplied as an all-in-one construction, where the extruded material also functions as the carrier. The markers are partially perforated for easy picking and kitting after printing and supplied on rolls for thermal transfer printing. Many colours available. Used for fast, permanent marking of cable, conduit, pipes and valves.

Results of accelerated ageing testing are as a result of artficial lighting/ illumination in a laboratory. Duration test is 500 hours, which equals 10 years of exposure.

Industry

























STANDARD COLORS



OTHER COLORS



MATERIAL

halogen free, flame retarded polyether based TPU.

OPERATING TEMPERATURE

-25°C up to +105°C (-13F to 176°F)

COMPLIANCES

Mark Permanence: SAE AS-5942. Ribbon: FTI-Y black

RESISTANCE TO SOLVENTS

MIL-STD-202G Test method 215 Ribbon: FTI-Y black

RECOMMENDED BLACK RIBBON

RECOMMENDED WHITE RIBBON FTI-HLD-CO

FLAMMABILITY STANDARD

Class V-0 - UL94 Not flammable

UV STABILITY TEST

Test with UV lamp 340nm Light @ 60°C irradiation 0.76 W/m² **Duration 8 hours** Spray duration 15 min. Condensation 50°C Duration 3,45 hour.

TEST with XENON (340nm) Light 65 ° c irradiation 0.50 W/m² Duration 1,42 hours Light + Spray duration 0.60 W/m² Duration 18 min.

STORAGE

Cool and dry in original packaging. Recommended temperature at +10°C to +25°C and 45-55% relative humidity.

APPLICATIONS

Developed to be used in normal Industry, Wind Power, Commercial, Construction, Electrical and Telecom installations, wire & cable bundling.

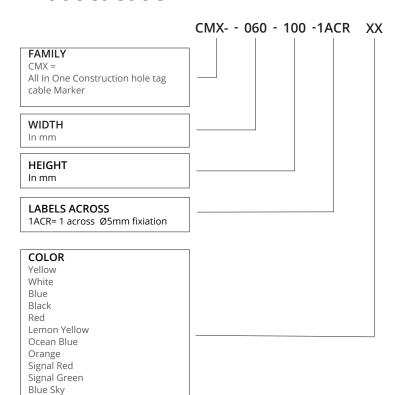


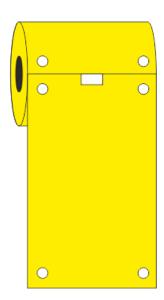
Ordering Info

PART NUMBER EXAMPLES

PART NUMBER	COLOUR	SIZE	TEXT AREA DIMENSION	MATERIAL	QTY	UOM
CMX-060x100-1ACR	XX	60x100mm	75x60xmm	TPU	250	Roll

Product code







General Values for PUR Identification Products

PHYSICAL

PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL VALUE
Stress at 20 % strain	DIN 53504	13 MPa
Stress at 100 % elongation	DIN 53504	19 MPa
Stress at 300% elongation	DIN 53504	33 MPa
Density	DIN 53479	1,27 g/cm ³
Tensile Strength	DIN 53504	30 MPa
Elongation @ break	DIN 53504	400 %
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	DIN EN ISO 179	3 kj/m²
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	DIN EN ISO 179	50 kj/m²
Tensile Strength after storage in water at 80°C for 42 days	DIN 53504	20MPa
Compression set at room temperature, 24h	DIN EN ISO 815	30%
Compression set at 70°C, 24h	DIN EN ISO 815	45 %

THERMAL

PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL VALUE
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	ISO 11357-1/-2	-44°C
Burning behaviour at 0.75 mm nom thickness	UL94	Class V-2
Burning behavior at 3.0 mm thickness	UL94	Class V-0
Oxygen Index	ISO 4589-1/-2	24%

ENVIRONMENTAL

PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL VALUE
UV-A 340 nm 1000 hours Light 60 ° irradiation 0.76 W/m² power	Visual Inspection	No creasing or cracking
duration 8 hours - Spray duration 15 min Condensation 50 ° duration 3,45 hour.	Mark Adherence	Good contrast and visibility

PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL VALUE
TEST with XENON lamp, XENON (340nm)	Visual Inspection	No creasing or cracking
- Light 65 ° c irradiation 0.50 W/m ² duration 1,42 hours - Light + Spray duration 0.60 W/m ² duration 18 min	Mark Adherence	Good contrast and visibility



CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

SOLVENTS RESISTANCE

No degradation of the CMX-D TPU products occurs, however, according to the solvent class a variable degree of swelling and

consequent reduction in tensile strength (after evaporation of the solvents, the tensile strength recovers approx. its original value).

Methanol should be considered more as a chemical reagent than as a solvent. TPU is soluble in some solvents. As test procedure, 5A test rods (DIN EN ISO 527-2) were immersed in the solvent for three weeks at 23° C, and tested for tensile strength are rounded values.

CODE	TEST FLUID	SWELLING	REDUCTION OF TENSILE STRENGTH %		
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	Pentan Cyclohexan Isooctan	10 22 7.5	20 10 none		
	CMX-D PUR behave similarly in other aliphatic and cyclo-aliphatic hydrocarbons such as methane, ethane, propane, butane, hexane, octane, petroleum ether, paraffin oil, diesel oil and kerosine (although additives can present problems).				
Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Toulene	65	50		
Other aromatic hydrocarbons such as benzer	ne and xylene have a similar affect.				
Aliphatic Esters	Ethyl Acetate	70	75		
Other short-chained esters such as butyl acet	ate and amyi acetate have a similar affect				
Aliphatic Ketones	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	130	90		
Other short-chained aliphatic ketones such as	s acetone and methyl isobutyl ketone = MIBK have	a similar affect.			
Aliphatic Halogenated Hydrocarbons, 1 C-atom	MethylEthyle Chloride Chloroform Tetrachloroethylene	190 75	95 Practically dissolved 54		
1 C-atom and higher	Trichloroethane*				
*Other aliphatic halogenated hydrocarbons v	vith 2 C-atoms and higher have a similar affect.				
Aromatic Halogenated Hydrocarbons	Chlorobenzene	110	60		
Other aromatic halogenated hydrocarbons ha	ave a similar affect.				
ASTM-Oils acc. to ASTM D 471-06**	IRM 901 at 100 °C 500 h IRM 901 at 100 °C 1000 h IRM 902 at 100 °C 500 h IRM 902 at 100 °C 1000 h IRM 903 at 100 °C 500 h IRM 903 at 100 °C 500 h IRM 903 at 100 °C 1000 h	1 1 9 10 18 20	6 14 4 5 8 30		
Agents Dissolving TPU	Tetrahydrofurane Dimethyl Formamide (DMF) Dimethyl Acetamide N-Methyl Pyrrolidone (NMP) Dimethyl Sulphoxide (DMSO) Pyridine	dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved	dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved dissolved		



CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

SOLVENTS RESISTANCE

CODE	TEST FLUID	SWELLING	REDUCTION OF TENSILE STRENGTH %
Alcohols and Fuels	Methanol Ethanol	28 33	6 14
	Iso-Propanol Benzyl Alcohol	30 not measureable	4 partly dissolved
	Ethylen Glycol Glycerine	4 none	15 none
FAM Test Fluids acc. to DIN 51 604*	Test Fluid A Test Fluid B Test Fluid C	67 68 43	60 74 70
Diesel Fuel Biodiesel Fuel RME @ 60°C	Diesel Fuel Biodiesel Fuel	11 27	none 21
		I	· ·
	Fuel A = Iso-Octane	7.5	none
Fuel Types ASTM D 471	Fuel B = Iso-Octane Touene 70% / 30%	25	36
	Fuel C=lso-Octane Toluene 50% / 50%	38	44
	Fuel D=lso-Octane Toluene 60% / 40%	31	44

^{*} DIN 51 604, 03.1984, is the standard, etablished by FAM to assess the resistance of plastic materials to automotive fuels.

(FAM = Fachausschuß Mineral- und Brennstoffnormung-Professional committee for standardization of fuel stuffs)

(ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials)

Test fluid A consists of: 50.0 % by volume toluene 30.0 % by volume iso-octane 15.0 % by volume di-isobutylene 5.0 % by volume ethanol

Test fluid B consists of:
42.0 % by volume toluene
25.5 % by volume iso-octane
13.0 % by volume di-isobutylene
15.0 % by volume methanol
4.0 % by volume ethanol
0.5 % by volume water

Test fluid C consists of:
20.0 % by volume toluene
12.0 % by volume iso-octane
6.0 % by volume di-isobutylene
58.0 % by volume methanol
2.0 % by volume ethanol
2.0 % by volume water

^{**} The IRM reference oils are mineral oils with different paraffin and aromatics contents. The formerly used ASTM oils 1, 2 and 3 were replaced by the IRM oils 1, 2 and 3 owing to health risks, and are no longer available. The IRM oils 1, 2 and 3 are very similar in terms of their characteristics, but not identical.